



# Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date:21-May-2021	Date:21-May-2021 Revision Date: 09-Apr-2024		
1.	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICA	TION	
Product Identifier Product Name	Bradley BT002		
Other means of identification SDS #	BT002		
UN/ID No	UN3266		
Recommended use of the chemica	l and restrictions on use		
Recommended Use Uses Advised Against	Wax Remover. For industrial and institutional use only.		
Details of the supplier of the safety	v data sheet		
Supplier Address Bradley Systems a division of TRION Chemicals 320 37 <sup>th</sup> Avenue St. Charles, IL 60174 www.bradley-systems.com			
Emergency Telephone Number Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr)	855-513-1314 (to reorder) INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (North America) 1-352-323-3500 (International)		
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
Appearance Yellow liquid	Physical State Liquid		Odor Strong amine odor
<u>Classification</u>			
Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Carcinogenicity		Category 1 Category 1 Category 2	
<u>Signal Word</u> Danger			
Hazard Statements Causes severe skin burns and eye da	amage.		



### Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.

### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Monoethanolamine	141-43-5	Proprietary
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (DPM)	34590-94-8	Proprietary
Potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	Proprietary
Sodium metasilicate	6834-92-0	Proprietary

\*\*If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.\*\*

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

### First Aid Measures

General Advice	Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Hold eyelids open during flushing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
Skin Contact	Flush area with water while removing contaminated clothing. Follow by washing with soap and water. If irritation persists, call a physician or poison control center.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Apply artificial respiration if needed. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Contains potassium hydroxide, glycol ethers and strong alkalis. Give plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or convulsing. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Blindness may occur. Vapors or mists may cause damage to the upper respiratory tract and to the lung tissue.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

# **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Water spray (fog). Foam.

### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

In the presence of extreme heat, as in a fire, this product may react with active metals (e.g. aluminum, zinc, etc.) to release flammable hydrogen gas.

**Hazardous Combustion Products** When heated strongly, as in a fire, this product may produce carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and oxides of phosphorus.

### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. All containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment as required.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-UpSmall spills: Spills up to one gallon may be diluted with plenty of water and flushed to<br/>sewage drain. Rinse area thoroughly. Large spills: Dike spill and collect on suitable<br/>absorbent. Place in corrosion resistant containers for disposal. Rinse area thoroughly.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage ConditionsStore locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.<br/>Store away from incompatible materials. Do not let the drums freeze as they may split or<br/>rupture.Incompatible MaterialsDo not mix this product with other cleaning chemicals, especially strong acids and oxidizing<br/>agents such as bleach.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH

### BT002 – Bradley BT002 Wax Remover

Monoethanolamine	STEL: 6 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm	IDLH: 30 ppm
141-43-5	TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 3 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 6 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 6 ppm	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	STEL: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	IDLH: 600 ppm
(DPM)	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm
34590-94-8	S*	(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 150 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	6
		(vacated) S*	
		`S* ´	
Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(vacated) Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sodium metasilicate	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
6834-92-0	ő	3	
Sodium Tripolyphosphate 7758-29-4	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
Diethanolamine	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable fraction	(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm	TWA: 3 ppm
111-42-2	and vapor S*	(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Sodium pyrophosphate 7722-88-5	-	(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering Controls** Mechanical ventilation recommended when handling in enclosed, tight spaces.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Safety goggles are recommended.
Skin and Body Protection	Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.
Respiratory Protection	Normally not required. Wear NIOSH approved respirator to avoid breathing mists.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Color	Liquid Yellow liquid Not determined	Odor Odor Threshold	Strong amine odor Not determined
<u>Property</u> pH	<u>Values</u> 13-14	Remarks • Method	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not determined		
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	100 °C / 212 °F		
Flash Point	None		
Evaporation Rate	1	(Water = 1)	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Liquid- Not applicable		
Upper Flammability Limits	Not available		
Lower Flammability Limit	Not available		
Property_	Values	Remarks • Method	
Vapor Pressure	Not determined		
Vapor Density	Not determined		
Specific Gravity	1.08	(Water = 1)	
Water Solubility	Completely soluble		
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined		

Partition Coefficient	Not determined
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not determined
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined
Explosive Properties	Not determined
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined
VOC Content	<19%

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

# Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

### Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Keep out of reach of children.

### Incompatible Materials

Do not mix this product with other cleaning chemicals, especially strong acids and oxidizing agents such as bleach.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

When strongly heated, as in a fire, this product may produce oxides of carbon and phosphorus.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	
Eye Contact	Causes severe eye damage.
Skin Contact	Causes severe skin burns.
Inhalation	Do not inhale.
Ingestion	Do not ingest.

# Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Monoethanolamine	= 1720 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1 mL/kg (Rabbit) = 1025 mg/kg	-
141-43-5		(Rabbit)	
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (DPM) 34590-94-8	= 5230 mg/kg (Rat)	= 9500 mg/kg(Rabbit)	-
Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3	= 214 mg/kg(Rat)	-	-
Sodium metasilicate 6834-92-0	= 600 mg/kg(Rat)	-	-
Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Sodium Tripolyphosphate 7758-29-4	= 3100 mg/kg (Rat)	> 7940 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Sodium xylenesulfonate 1300-72-7	= 7200 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, tetrasodium salt 64-02-8	= 10 g/kg (Rat)	-	-
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	= 620 µL/kg (Rat)	= 7640 µL/kg (Rabbit)	-
Sodium pyrophosphate 7722-88-5	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Sodium Sulfate 7757-82-6	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Sodium Trimetaphosphate 7785-84-4	-	> 4640 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

### Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms

Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes severe eye damage.
Carcinogenicity	This product not suspected of causing cancer.

### Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) A3 - Animal Carcinogen IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor) X - Present

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined.

# **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

Not determined.

#### Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

#### Bioaccumulation Not determined.

Not determined.

# <u>Mobility</u>

Not determined.

### Other Adverse Effects

Not determined.

# **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

### **Contaminated Packaging**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

# California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name		California Hazardous Waste Status		
Potassium I 1310-		Toxic Corrosive		
	14. TRANSPOR	T INFORMATION		
Note	Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, includi exemptions and special circumstances.			
<u>DOT</u> UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3266 Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (potassium hydroxide, ethanolamine) 8 III			
IATA UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3266 Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (potassium hydroxide, ethanolamine) 8 III			
IMDG UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN3266 Corrosive liquid, basic, in 8 III	organic, n.o.s. (potassium hydroxide, ethanolamine)		

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Monoethanolamine	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (DPM)	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Potassium hydroxide	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Sodium metasilicate	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х

### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

### US Federal Regulations

### **CERCLA**

Chemical Name Hazardous Substances RQs		CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)	

Diethanolamine	100 lb	RQ 100 lb final RQ
111 10 0		RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
111-42-2		RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

# SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (DPM) - 34590-94-8	34590-94-8	7.76	1.0

### CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Potassium hydroxide	1000 lb			Х

### US State Regulations

### California Proposition 65

This product does not contain the California Proposition 65 chemicals.

### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Monoethanolamine 141-43-5	X	X	X
Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether (DPM) 34590-94-8	Х	X	Х
Potassium hydroxide 1310-58-3	Х	Х	Х
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	Х	Х	Х
Sodium pyrophosphate 7722-88-5	Х	Х	Х
Sodium Sulfate 7757-82-6		X	Х
Sodium Trimetaphosphate 7785-84-4		X	Х

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA HMIS	Health Hazards Not determined Health Hazards 3	Flammability Not determined Flammability 0	<b>Instability</b> Not determined <b>Physical Hazards</b> 0	Special Hazards Not determined Personal Protection N+P
Issue Date: Revision Date: Revision Note:	21-May-2021 09-Apr-2024 Formula update			

**Disclaimer** 

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

### End of Safety Data Sheet